FORTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT

of the

BUREAU OF MINES

DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTION

of the

STATE OF MISSOURI



YEAR ENDING DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST

and

Iron Mining is experiencing a revival of activity and the 1928 production showed an increase over the previous year.

Accidents

The number of fatal accidents for the year 1928 was slightly in excess of the previous year, totaling 21, of which 8 occurred in the lead and zinc mines, 11 in the coal mines, 1 in the clay mines and 1 in the shale mines. While an increase in all accidents is always deplorable, the percentage of fatalities occurring in the Missouri Mines is on a par with the larger mining states, and considerably below the percentages shown by many other states. All fatal accidents were single accidents occurring in the general course of operation; some being chargeable to carelessness while others were reported unavoidable.

The Inspection Department contends that, while mining is classed as an hazardous occupation, the great majority of fatal accidents occurring are traceable to neglect or carelessness of the deceased or of those in charge of operation, and that the splendid work of the Safety Engineers and all the efforts put forth by the Mine Inspection Department cannot correct this condition, although much progress has been made in that direction.

In conclusion the Inspection Department of the Bureau of Mines desires to express its appreciation for the co-operation extended by all concerned. It is our belief that much headway has been made in the way of removing dangerous conditions in and around the mines, and with the continued good will and co-operation of the mine operators, safety engineers and miners, we feel that much good may be accomplished in the future.

Respectfully submitted; FRANK G. FENIX, Chief Inspector.

Lead and Zinc Mines

HE metal market of the world, while maintaining a fairly even price level throughout the year of 1928, did not recover from the slump in metal prices sufficiently to cause a reopening of mines and a general increase in activity, consequently production of both lead and zinc in Missouri mines dropped considerably below that of 1927.

The Southeastern District

The great Southeastern Lead district in St. Francois, Iron and Madison Counties dropped 30,000 tons below the production of the previous year, although there was a steady production throughout the year, the mines operating an average of three hundred and nine days, there was a decrease of four hundred and ninety-four in number of men employed. Part of the loss in production was due to the shut-down of Mine LaMotte in Madison county, where general overhauling was taking place, and the building of a large mill was in progress.

A great deal of improvement work was carried on during the year. Additions to mills and power houses were made and the flotation plants have been enlarged and improved. Several large settling tanks and drying plants were installed to take care of the fine lead which heretofore went into the slime. A zinc separator was added by the St. Joseph Lead Company to their Leadwood and Rivermines plants. Zinc furnaces were also added to the smelting plant at Herculaneum, Mo.

Prospect drilling was carried on very extensively during 1928 in Madison, St. Francois and Iron Counties and several new companies entered this field. The Eagle Picher Lead Company which has been operating a refining plant in Washington County for the Barytes produced in that section, carried on prospecting work in this district during the greater part of the year.

The Missouri Lead Company, a new company with offices at Farmington, did most of its prospecting near Libertyville in St. Francois County.

More than usual attention was paid to Madison County during the past year. The St. Louis Smelting and Refining Company entered this county by purchasing the property and acreage

known as the Schulte Mine. A new shaft was put down to a level of 241 feet and the discovery of a very promising ore body was reported, drifts having been cut in two directions. At present the ore is being dumped on the surface, but it is the intention of the company to ship the ore to their large concentrating mill at St. Francois as soon as the railroad, which is being surveyed, is placed in operation.

Another new company entering Madison County is the Conqueror Mining Company, which took over the property known as the old Catherine Mine. They erected a 500-ton mill of the Joplin type and started to remill the old chat pile left by the Federal Lead Company several years ago. Other improvements and extensions are to follow.

The holdings of the old Sweetwater Mining Company in Madison County were purchased by the St. Joseph Lead Company, a new shaft put down to a level of 250 feet and a good ore body established. Old Shaft No. 14 was reclaimed and production will commence as soon as the large concentrating mill under construction is completed.

The properties of the St. Joseph Lead Company were kept in operation three hundred and nine days during 1928 and produced approximately 7,000 tons of lead above the 1927 production. They employ 1,890 men, 860 of whom work underground and the balance of 1,030 are employed on top and as mill men. The above number does not include 87 employes who take care of the central power station, nor does it account for 26 men to look after roof, who are contract drillers. The central power plant has nine boilers and five turbines and supplies the electric current for all the mines of the company.

The St. Louis Smelting and Refining Company, a subsidiary of the National Lead Company, whose mines are located in St. Francois County, and employ 714 men, operated its mines 310 days during 1928 and its production was just slightly under that of the previous year. No improvements were reported.

Mine LaMotte in Madison County, reported to be the oldest lead mine in America, and producing 10,000 tons of lead during the previous year, was not in the list of production for 1928. Nevertheless, the mine is not to be abandoned, but a new concentrating mill of large capacity has been built and operations for the coming year are expected to be on a large scale. The Mine LaMotte corporation has a capital stock of \$100,000.00 while the amount invested in land and plant is \$1,951,815.00.

Corporation controls surface rights in 5,000 acres and mineral rights in 24,000 acres, all located in Madison and St. Francois Counties.

The Doe Run Lead Company of Rivermines in St. Francois County operated with a decreased force, nearly two hundred men less than during 1927, and while being in operation only one day less than the previous year reduced its production from 73,711 tons of lead in 1927 to 45,230 tons in 1928.

The Desloge Consolidated Lead Company of Desloge in St. Francois County, operated on an average 309 days during the year, increasing their production approximately 4,000 tons. They finished work on their 2000-ton concentrating plant, completed the electrification of Shaft No. 6, and differential gin plant.

There were four fatal accidents, occuring in the mines of the Southeastern District during 1928, two more than during the previous year. Three of these accidents were not chargeable to any defect in the mines or neglect, but were the result of carelessness or thoughtlessness on the part of the workman, while one of these was unavoidable. Non-fatal accidents were reduced to a minimum.

The Southeastern District is in charge of Deputy Inspector Tolbert Henson of Perryville.

The Joplin District

On account of the production of the Oklahoma field, being in excess of the demand, there was very little production in the Joplin District other than in the mines having highly disseminated ore faces, where a high recovery is made.

While a number of large companies carried on development work throughout the year 1928, and according to reports, several new ore bodies were established, there is little chance of having very much production in the Joplin field until production in the Oklahoma and Kansas fields drops below the demand, or until the demand for Zinc ore increases and general market conditions improve.

Production by small companies has been almost eliminated because the large mines which were not in operation were filled with water and the small operating companies cannot afford to drain the ground.

The Admiralty Zinc Company, operating the Missouri Mine on the Missouri Lead and Zinc Company land, during the year

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Operating Company.	Postoffice Address.	Name of Mine.	County.	Capital Stock.	Investment, Land and Plant.
JOPLIN DISTRICT— American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co. Admiralty Zinc Co. Barbo Mining Company. C. & S. Mining Company. Federal Mining & Smelting Co. Four Corners' Mining Co. Howe Mining Company. Joplin Mining Company. Joplin Mining Company. Kansas Explorations Co., Inc. Missouri Mining Company Missouri-Kan. Zinc Corporation. Octagon Mining Company St. Charles Mining Co. St. Louis Smelting and Refining Company. Universal Explorations Company. Ben C. Westerman.	Box 870, Joplin. Douthat, Okla. Aurora. 205 Miners' Bk., Joplin. Baxter Springs, Kan. 412 Bartlett Bldg., Joplin. Box 575, Picher, Okla. 1810 Bird, Joplin. Joplin. Box 493, Joplin. Waco. Smithfield. Box 71, Webb City. 722 Chestnut, St. Louis. 71 Brdway, N. Y. City. 1727 Empire, Joplin.	Granby American Granby Davis	Jasper. Jasper. Newton Jasper. Newton Jasper. Newton Jasper. Jasper. Newton	50,000.00 40,000.00 18,000,000.00 100,000.00 	75,000.00 40,000.00 *300,000.00 25,000.00 26,000.00 50,000.00 *300,000.00 88,322.32 203,556.87 5,000.00 60,000.00 145,638.89
SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT— Annapolis Lead Company. Desloge Cons. Lead Company. Doe Run Lead Company. Mine LaMotte Corporation. St. Joseph Lead Company St. Louis Smelting and Refining Works.	917 Pine St., St. Louis Desloge Bonne Terre Bonne Terre 722 Chestnut, St. Louis.	Annapolis Desloge Mines Doe Run Mines Mine La Motte St. Joe Lead St. Louis Smelt	St. Francois St. Francois	1,000,000.00 100,000.00 20,000,000.00	3,188,597.84 4,709,430.81 1,951,815.10 28,619,924.72

^{*}Estimated.

TABLE NO. 2—LEAD AND ZINC PRODUCTION.

Operating Company.	No. Acres Con- trolled.	No. of Shafts	Depth of Work- ing Level, Feet.	Ventilation.	Capacity Concen- trating Plants, Tons.	No. of Pumps.	Capacity Gals. per Min.	No. of Ore Faces Worked.	Average Height of Ore Face, Feet
JOPLIN DISTRICT— American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Company. Admiralty Zinc Company. Barbo Mining Company. C. & S. Mining Company. Federal Mining and Smelting Company. Federal Mining and Smelting, Granby-Davis. Four Corners Mining Co. Howe Mining Company. Joplin Mining Company. Kansas Explorations Company. Missouri Mining Company. Missouri-Kansas Zinc Corporation. Octagon Mining Company. St. Charles Mining Company. St. Louis Smelting and Refining Company. Universal Explorations Company. Ben C. Westerman.	25 37 650 520 66 40 30 60 40	2 2 2 2 2 6 1 2 2 4 6 1 9 4 1 2 2 2 2 1	220 160 120 190 90–280 220 80 55 100 140 178 238–312 150 125 280 196–203 153	Blower	500 150 75 150 300 300 350 150 100 75 300	3 1 5 1 2 1 3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1	2,000 125 500 2,000 150 300 750 1,000 1,000 250 600 250 400 300	5 4 14 10 2 5 7 18 6 2 2 2	35 6 15 20 16 12 12 20 30 20 30 6–15 25 8
SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT— Annapolis Lead Company Desloge Cons. Lead Company. Doe Run Lead Company. Mine LaMotte Corporation. St. Joseph Lead Company. St. Louis Smelting and Refining Works.	. 29,000 . 29,543	1 3 4 2 12 5	440 365 475 200 350 525	Natural, Artificial Natural Natural Natural Natural Natural Natural	2,000 5,000	15 6 60 . 5 94 12	100-40 3,80 50-1,20 50-25 50-1,20 6,20	0 52 0 75 0 8 0 158	14 20 9 9 14 20

Operating Company.	No. Men Em- ployed.	Average Wage Per Day.	No. Days Worked.	Tons Zinc Pro- duced.	Value of Zinc.	Tons of Lead pro- duced.	Value of Lead.	Value of Zinc and Lead Produced.
JOPLIN DISTRICT— Admiralty Zinc Company Barbo Mining Company Four Corners Mining Company Howe Mining Company Joplin Mining Company Kansas Explorations Company, Inc Missouri Mining Company Missouri-Kansas Zinc Corporation Octagon Mining Company St. Charles Mining Company Universal Explorations Company Ben C. Westerman White Shirt Mining Company	50 40 15 22 66 5 80 20 20 28 14 28	\$4.00 4.00 3.50 3.75 4.25 4.25 3.81 4.00 3.62 4.10 4.25 4.00	250 130 200 300 300 64 124 30 60 150 270	1,132 913 136 35 6,757 963 1,377 56 190 752 550 573	29,126.46 5,255.79 	39 	3,175.04 1,142.63 1,082.79 3,403.10 2,747.35	29,126.46 5,255.79 3,175.04 1,050.00 371,960.13 38,639.57 56,485.60 2,371.43 7,142.19 26,805.36 26,000.00
SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT— Annapolis Lead Company. Desloge Cons. Lead Company Doe Run Lead Company St. Joseph Lead Company St. Louis Smelting and Refining Works. Totals.	350 757 1,890	4.08 4.75 5.00 5.00 5.00	300 310 309 309 310		141,787.95	141,039 35,738	1,290,202.42 4,956,100.50 11,689,394.50 2,472,700.00	1,290,202.42 5,048,498.57 11,831,182.45

LEAD AND ZINC PRODUCTION SUMMARY FOR YEARS 1928, 1927 AND 1926.

	No. Men	Approximate Annual Payroll.		1928		1927	1926		
	Em- ployed.		Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	
Lead— Southeastern District Joplin District			260,464 480	\$20,725,169.98 38,764.29		\$22,708,113.51 179,713.64	300,403 3,413	\$30,450,746.70 323,794.52	
Totals			260,944	\$20,763,934.27	293,360	\$22,887,827.15	303,816	\$30,774,541.22	
Zinc— Southeastern District Joplin District			3,909 13,434			\$286,510.55 949,768.09	1,241 43,357	\$86,673.97 2,115,418.78	
Totals			17,343	\$853,609.12	35,542	\$1,236,278.64	44,598	\$2,202,092.75	
Production by District— Southeastern—Lead Southeastern—Zinc		\$12,850,000.00	260,464 3,909			\$22,708,113.51 286,510.55		\$30,450,746.70 86,673.97	
Totals			264,373	\$20,959,356.00	299,726	\$22,994,624.06	301,644	\$30,537,420.67	
Joplin—Lead Joplin—Zinc			480 13,434			\$179,713.64 949,768,09	3,413 43,357	\$323,794.52 2,115,418.78	
Totals			13,914	\$658,187.39	29,176	\$1,129,481.73	46,770	\$2,439,213.30	
Totals for State— Total, Lead Total, Zinc			260,944 17,343	\$20,763,934.27 853,609.12		\$22,887,827.15 1,236,278.64		\$30,774,541.22 2,202,092.75	
Grand Total	4,334	\$13,230,000.00	278,287	\$21,617,543.39	328,902	\$24,124,105.79	348,414	\$32,976,633.97	